## 2019 PAYROLLTAX INFORMATION

## A. FEDERAL INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING

The new guidelines on Federal Income Tax withholding are effective for wages paid on and after January 1, 2019.

To calculate the amount of Federal Income Tax withheld from your paycheck:

1. Calculate your Taxable Gross: Gross Pay minus any Pre-Tax Reductions for Federal Income Tax Withholding*
2. Calculate your Federal Withholding Allowance: $\$ 175.00$ multiplied by the number of allowances claimed
3. Calculate your Federal Taxable Gross: Taxable Gross minus Federal Withholding Allowance
4. Using your Federal Taxable Gross from step 3, calculate your Federal Income Tax Withholding according to the information below (adapted from Table 3 - Semimonthly Payroll in IRS Publication 15):

## (a) SINGLE person (including head of household)

If the amount of semimonthly wages (after subtracting withholding allowances) is: The amount of income tax to withhold is:

| Not over $\$ 158$ | $\$ 0$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Over $\$ 158$ but not over $\$ 563$ | $10 \%$ of excess over $\$ 158$ |
| Over $\$ 563$ but not over $\$ 1,803$ | $\$ 40.50$ plus $12 \%$ of excess over $\$ 563$ |
| Over $\$ 1,803$ but not over $\$ 3,667$ | $\$ 189.30$ plus $22 \%$ of excess over $\$ 1,803$ |
| Over $\$ 3,667$ but not over $\$ 6,855$ | $\$ 599.38$ plus $24 \%$ of excess over $\$ 3,667$ |
| Over $\$ 6,855$ but not over $\$ 8,663$ | $\$ 1,364.50$ plus $32 \%$ of excess over $\$ 6,855$ |
| Over $\$ 8,663$ but not over $\$ 21,421$ | $\$ 1,943.06$ plus $35 \%$ of excess over $\$ 8,663$ |
| Over $\$ 21,421$ | $\$ 6,408.36$ plus $37 \%$ of excess over $\$ 21,421$ |
| (b) MARRIED person |  |
| If the amount of semimonthly wages (after |  |
| subtracting withholding allowances) is: | The amount of income tax to withhold is: |
| Not over $\$ 492$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Over $\$ 492$ but not over $\$ 1,300$ | $10 \%$ of excess over $\$ 492$ |
| Over $\$ 1,300$ but not over $\$ 3,781$ | $\$ 80.80$ plus $12 \%$ of excess over $\$ 1,300$ |
| Over $\$ 3,781$ but not over $\$ 7,508$ | $\$ 378.52$ plus $22 \%$ of excess over $\$ 3,781$ |
| Over $\$ 7,508$ but not over $\$ 13,885$ | $\$ 1,198.46$ plus $24 \%$ of excess over $\$ 7,508$ |
| Over $\$ 13,885$ but not over $\$ 17,500$ | $\$ 2,728.94$ plus $32 \%$ of excess over $\$ 13,885$ |
| Over $\$ 17,500$ but not over $\$ 26,006$ | $\$ 3,885.74$ plus $35 \%$ of excess over $\$ 17,500$ |
| Over $\$ 26,006$ | $\$ 6,862.84$ plus $37 \%$ of excess over $\$ 26,006$ |

*Pre-tax reductions for federal income tax withholding include retirement contributions (PERS, TRS, LEOFF, UWRP), state deferred compensation, VIP, pre-tax medical insurance, dependent care (DCAP), Health Savings Account (HSA), Flexible Spending Account/Arrangement (FSA), and pre-tax parking.

## B. SOCIAL SECURITY/MEDICARE

The new guidelines on Social Security and Medicare are effective for wages paid on and after January 1, 2019.

To calculate the amount of Social Security and/or Medicare withheld from your paycheck, calculate your Taxable Gross: Gross Pay minus any Pre-Tax Reductions for Social Security/Medicare.**
Then, determine your tax:

- Social Security is calculated at $\mathbf{6 . 2 \%}$ of Taxable Gross up to $\mathbf{\$ 1 3 2 , 9 0 0 . 0 0}$. The maximum tax possible is \$8,239.80.
- Medicare is calculated at $\mathbf{1 . 4 5 \%}$ of Taxable Gross up to $\mathbf{\$ 2 0 0} \mathbf{0 0 0}$. Then, Medicare is calculated at $\mathbf{2 . 3 5 \%}$ of Taxable Gross over $\mathbf{\$ 2 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ (no limit).
**Pre-Tax Reductions for Social Security/Medicare include pre-tax medical insurance, dependent care (DCAP), Health Savings Account (HSA), Flexible Spending Account/Arrangement (FSA), and pre-tax parking.


## C. MEDICAL AID (Worker's Compensation)

Medical Aid guidelines are effective for hours worked on and after January 1, 2019.

To calculate the amount of Medical Aid withheld from your paycheck, multiply the number of hours worked (up to a maximum of 80 hours) by the following rates:

1. WA Medical Aid Fund: . 0427
2. WA Supplemental Pension Fund: . 0560
3. WA Stay at Work Program: . 0011

Note: The sum of all 3 figures is limited to the maximum deduction of $\$ 7.98$.

Employer Contribution is determined by multiplying . 2523 by the number of hours worked, up to a maximum of 80 hours. The maximum contribution possible is $\mathbf{\$ 2 0 . 1 8}$.

